Welcome to

DS3010: DS-III: Computational Data Intelligence Activation Functions in DNN Prof. Yanhua Li

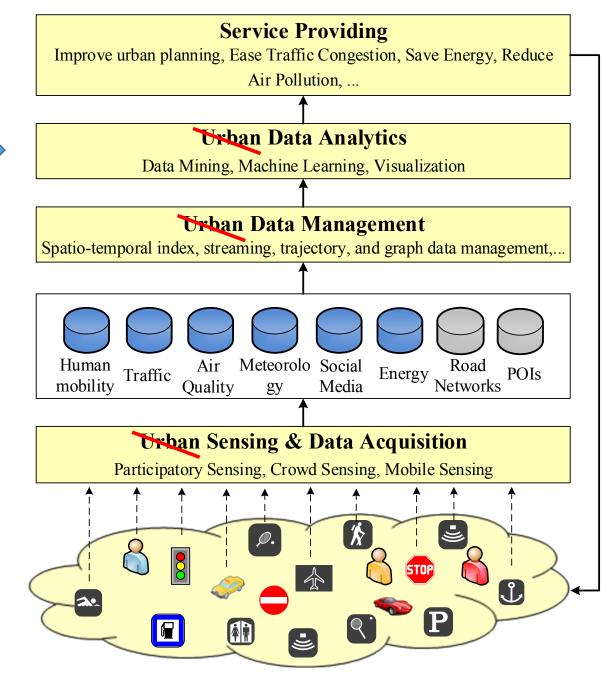
Time: 11:00am - 12:50pm M & R

Location: HL 114 D-term 2022

Quiz #2

- Thursday 4/14
- 15 mins, 11-11:15AM
- The quiz 2 will be available at 10:58AM for your convenience.
- Topics:
- Question 1: Logistic regression (its limitation)
- Question 2: Logistic regression for multi-class classification

Data pipeline

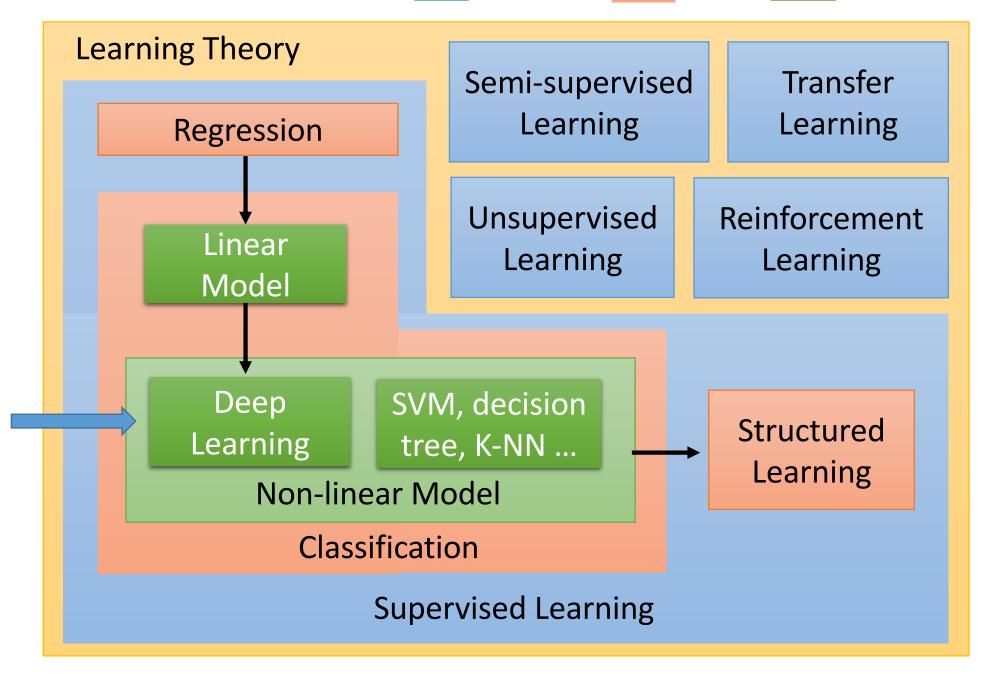


Urban Computing: concepts, methodologies, and applications.

Zheng, Y., et al. ACM transactions on Intelligent Systems and Technology.

Learning Map

scenario task method



Activation Functions for Deep Learning

Recipe of Deep Learning



Step 1: define a set of function

Step 2: goodness of function

Step 3: pick the best function

NO

Overfitting!

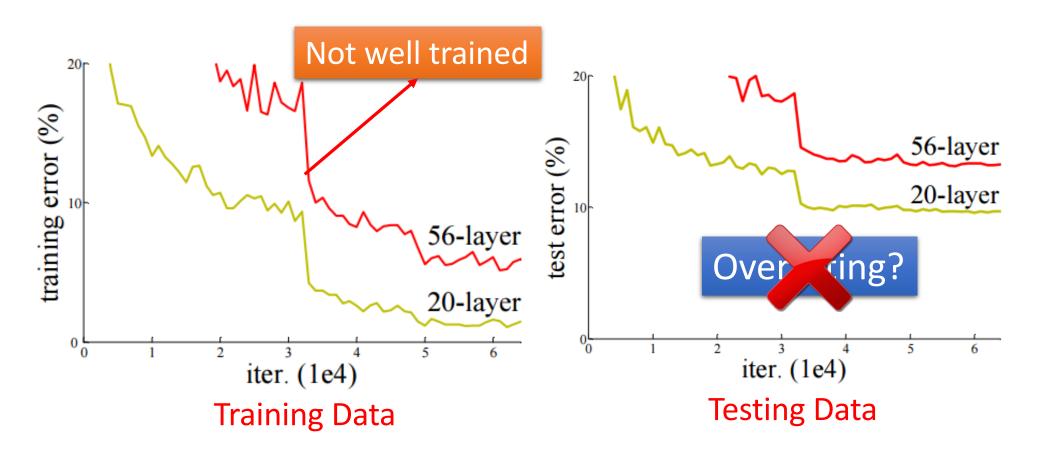
Testing Data?

NO

Training Data?

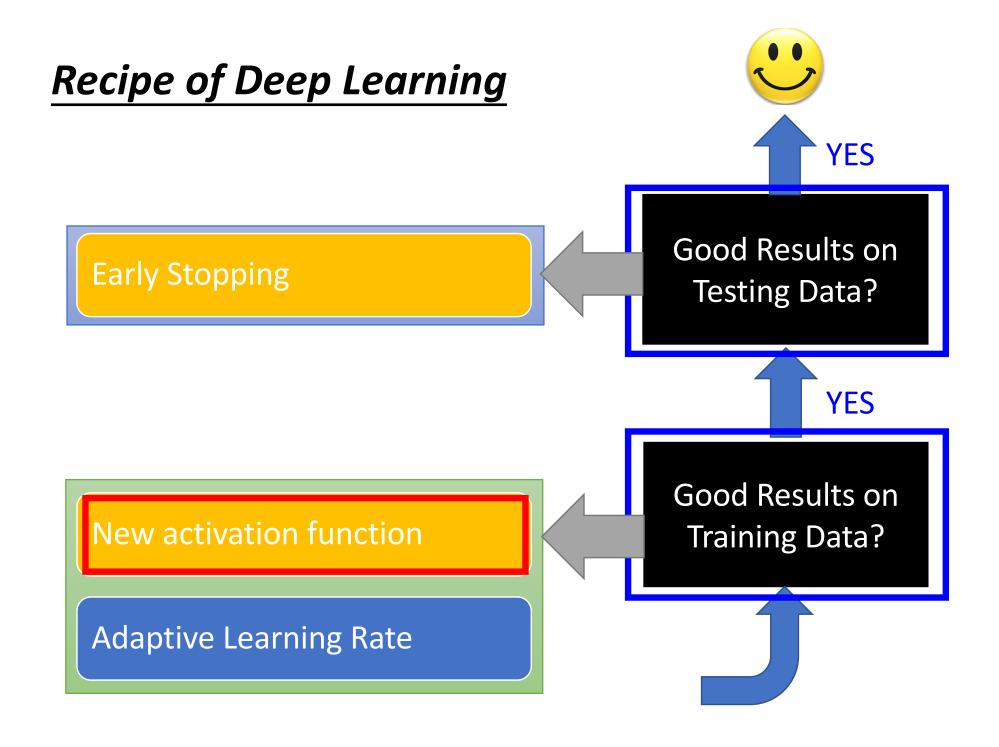
Neural Network

Do not always blame Overfitting

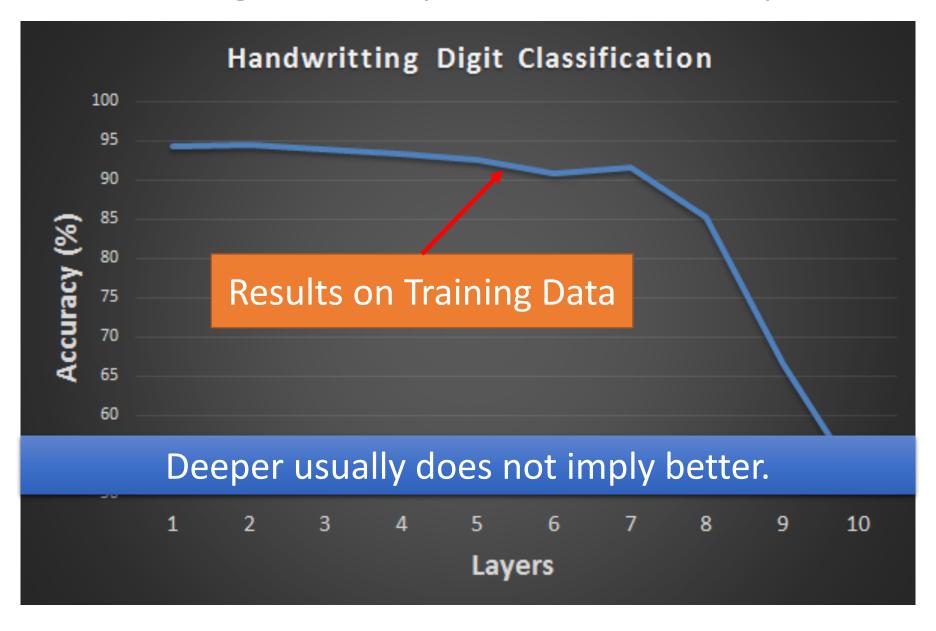


Deep Residual Learning for Image Recognition http://arxiv.org/abs/1512.03385

Recipe of Deep Learning YES Good Results on Different approaches for **Testing Data?** different problems. YES Good Results on **Training Data?** Neural Network

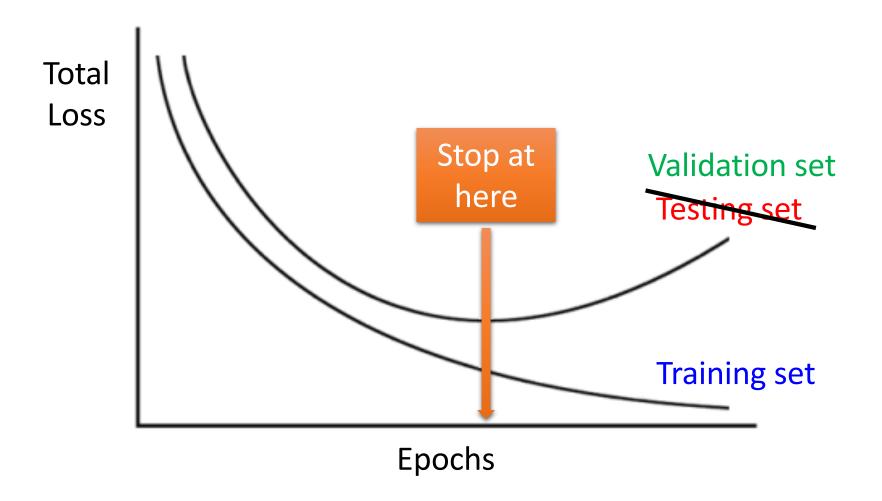


Hard to get the power of Deep ...



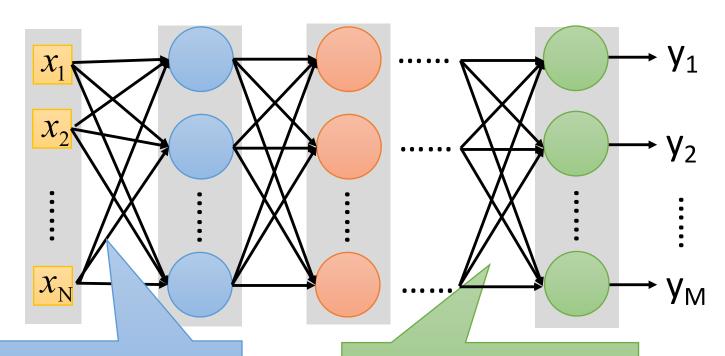
Early Stop

Early Stopping



Activation functions

Vanishing Gradient Problem



Smaller gradients

Learn very slow

Almost random

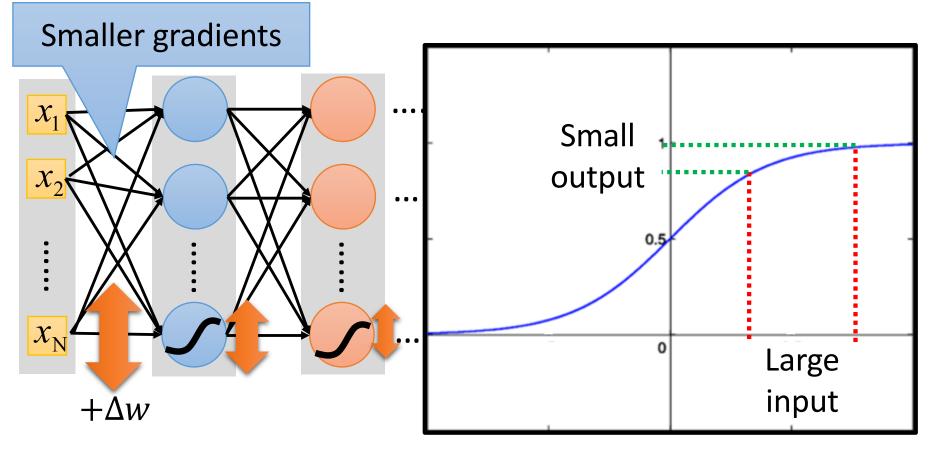
Larger gradients

Learn very fast

Already converge

based on random!?

Vanishing Gradient Problem

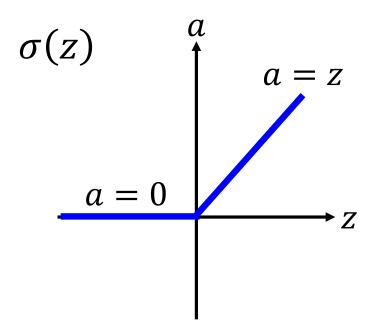


Intuitive way to compute the derivatives ...

$$\frac{\partial l}{\partial w} = ? \frac{\Delta l}{\Delta w}$$

ReLU

Rectified Linear Unit (ReLU)

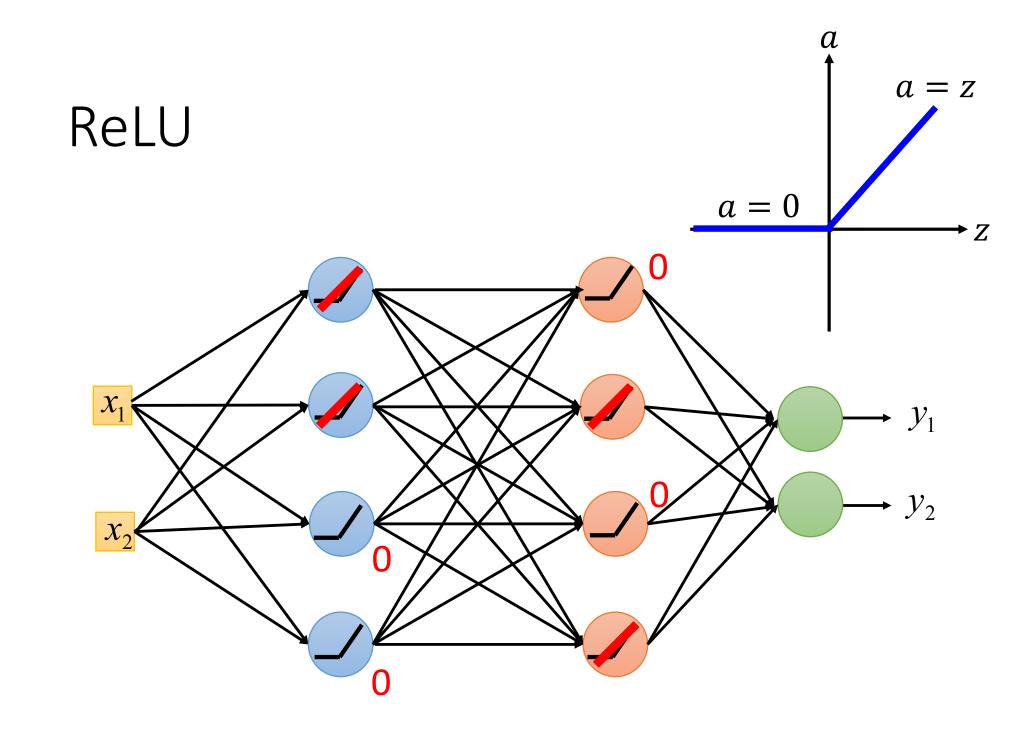


[Xavier Glorot, AISTATS'11] [Andrew L. Maas, ICML'13] [Kaiming He, arXiv'15]

Reason:

1. Fast to compute

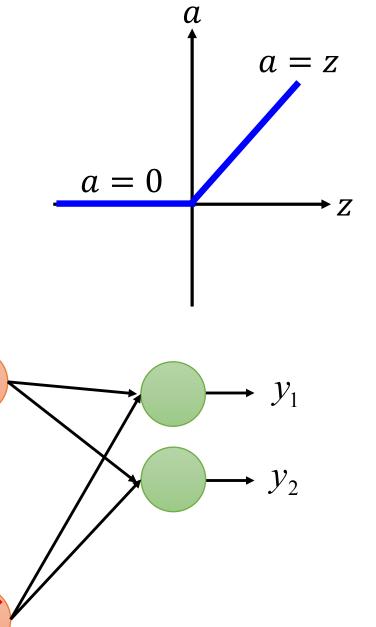
2. Vanishing gradient problem



ReLU

 x_2



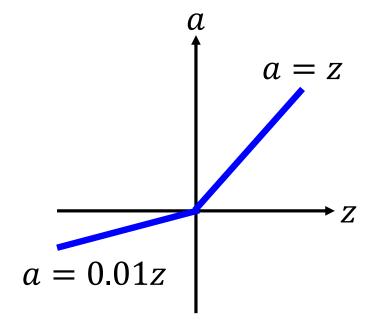


Do not have smaller gradients

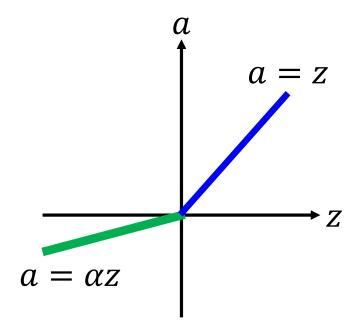
Linear?
Gradient?

ReLU - variant

Leaky ReLU



Parametric ReLU



α also learned by gradient descent

tanh (tangent) activation function

- Tanh: The hyperbolic tangent activation function
- Similar to the sigmoid function with an S-shape.
- Input: Any real value, Output: a value in [-1, 1].

•
$$tanh(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

1.00

0.75

tanh(x)

0.00

-0.25

-0.50

-0.75

-1.00

-10.0 -7.5 -5.0 -2.5 0.0 2.5 5.0 7.5

Activation functions in Python

- activation{'identity', 'logistic', 'tanh', 'relu'}, default='relu'
- 'identity': no-op activation, f(x) = x
- 'logistic', sigmoid function
- 'tanh', the hyperbolic tan function,
- 'relu', the rectified linear unit function

Recipe of Deep Learning



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Overfitting!

NO

Neural Network

Questions