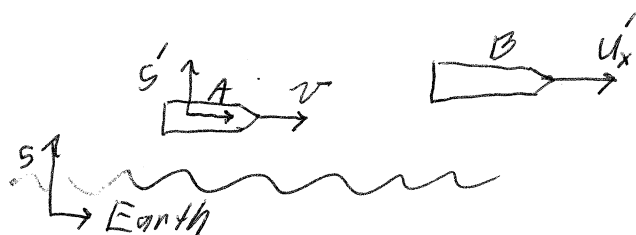


PH1130 Practice Problem 7 /

Spaceship A is travelling by the earth in an easterly direction at a speed of $0.8c$ relative to the earth.

a) If spaceship B passes A at a speed of $0.5c$ east relative to A, what is B's speed relative to the earth?



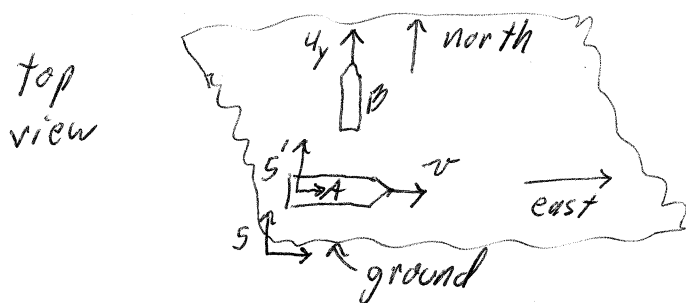
$$v = 0.8c$$

$$u'_x = 0.5c$$

Need u_x $\gamma = 1.667$

$$u_x = \frac{u'_x + v}{1 + \frac{u'_x v}{c^2}} = \frac{(0.5 + 0.8)c}{1 + (0.5)(0.8)} = \boxed{0.928c}$$

b) Suppose that B was instead moving north at $0.5c$ relative to the earth. What would B's speed then be relative to A?



In the earth frame (S)
A is moving due east
and B is moving due north.

$$\therefore \left. \begin{array}{l} u_x = 0 \\ u_y = 0.5c \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} \text{motion of B} \\ \text{in S frame} \end{array}$$

Now find motion of B in S' frame:

$$u'_x = \frac{u_x - v}{1 - \frac{u_x v}{c^2}} = -v = -0.8c$$

$$u'_y = \frac{u_y}{\gamma(1 - \frac{u_x v}{c^2})} = \frac{u_y}{\gamma} = \frac{0.5c}{1.667} = 0.3c$$

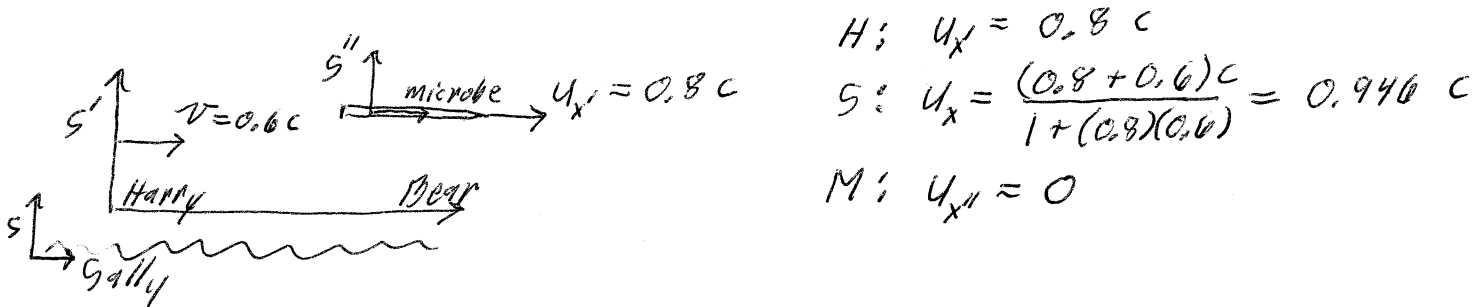
The speed of B in S' is then

$$u' = \sqrt{u'^2_x + u'^2_y} = \sqrt{(0.8)^2 + (0.3)^2} c = \boxed{0.854c}$$

PH1130 Practice Problem 2

Harry is running at $0.6c$ relative to the ground and is chasing a bear who is also running at $0.6c$ in the same direction. He determines that the bear is 120 meters in front of him. He shoots an arrow at a speed of $0.8c$ relative to himself directly at the bear. There is an intelligent microbe on the arrow, and Sally is hiding in the bushes, observing all the action. Answer the following:

a) What is the arrow's speed according to Harry (H), Sally (S), and the microbe (M)?



b) What is the arrow's travel time according to each of the observers in (a)?

event	x	t	x'	t'	x''	t''
#1 arrow shot	0	0	0	0	0	0
#2 arrow hits bear			120 m	$\frac{120}{(0.8)(3 \cdot 10^8)}$	0	

For motion of S' relative to S : $\gamma = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (0.6)^2}} = 1.25$

For motion of S'' relative to S' : $\gamma' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - (0.8)^2}} = 1.667$

Harry: $t_2' = \frac{120 \text{ m}}{(0.8)(3 \cdot 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}})} = \boxed{5 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ s}}$

Sally: $t_2 = \gamma(t_2' + \frac{v x_2'}{c^2}) = (1.25) \left[5 \cdot 10^{-7} + (0.6) \frac{120}{3 \cdot 10^8} \right] = \boxed{9.25 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ s}}$

Microbe: t_2'' is proper time, so $t_2' = \gamma' t_2''$
 $\therefore t_2'' = \frac{t_2'}{\gamma'} = \frac{5 \cdot 10^{-7}}{1.667} = \boxed{3 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ s}}$

- c) What is the separation between Harry and the bear according to each of the observers in (a)?

$$H: L' = \boxed{120 \text{ m}}$$

$$S: L = 120 \sqrt{1 - (0.6)^2} = \boxed{96 \text{ m}}$$

$$M: L'' = 120 \sqrt{1 - (0.8)^2} = \boxed{72 \text{ m}}$$

- d) If the arrow is 0.9 meters long in its rest frame, what is its length according to each of the three observers?

$$H: l' = (0.9) \sqrt{1 - (0.8)^2} = \boxed{0.54 \text{ m}}$$

$$S: l = (0.9) \sqrt{1 - (0.946)^2} = \boxed{0.29 \text{ m}}$$

$$M: l'' = \boxed{0.9 \text{ m}}$$