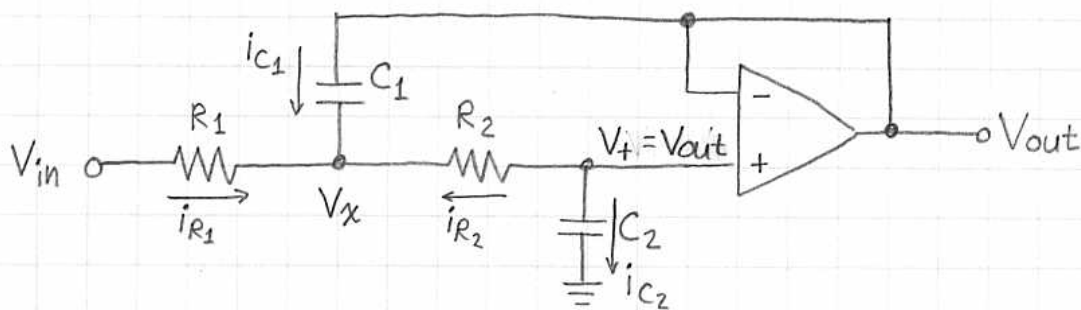


## "SALLEN AND KEY" CIRCUIT

For realizing a complex pole pair in the s-plane



Analysis: KCL using node voltages to describe currents.  
At  $V_x$  (using  $V_+ = V_{out}$ , by ideal op-amp)

$$\underbrace{\frac{(V_{in} - V_x)}{R_1}}_{i_{R1}} + \underbrace{(V_{out} - V_x) s C_1}_{i_{C1}} + \underbrace{\frac{(V_{out} - V_x)}{R_2}}_{i_{C2}} = 0 \quad [1]$$

Collecting terms and multiplying through by  $R_1$  gives

$$V_{in} + V_{out} \left( s R_1 C_1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} \right) = V_x \left( s R_1 C_1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2} + 1 \right) \quad [2]$$

KCL at  $V_+$  gives

$$\underbrace{\frac{V_{out} - V_x}{R_2}}_{i_{R2}} + \underbrace{V_{out} s C_2}_{i_{C2}} = 0 \quad [3]$$

collect and multiply by  $R_2$ , giving

$$V_x = V_{out} (s R_2 C_2 + 1) \quad [4]$$

Substituting [4] into [2] to eliminate  $V_x$  and solving for  $V_{out}/V_{in}$  gives

$$\boxed{\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{1}{s^2 (R_1 R_2 C_1 C_2) + s (R_1 + R_2) C_2 + 1}} \quad [5]$$

Which is a second order, all pole transfer function.

Design: How do we choose  $R_1, R_2, C_1, C_2$  to place the complex pole pair where we want? We have 4 values to choose, yet the complex pole pair is completely determined by 2 numbers: the real and imaginary parts. So we have 2 free parameters among  $R_1, R_2, C_1, C_2$ .

It turns out design is simplified by letting  $R_1 = R_2 = R$  [6]

Now  $S$  becomes

$$\frac{V_{out}}{V_{in}} = \frac{1}{s^2(R^2 C_1 C_2) + s(2RC_2) + 1}$$

The poles (roots of the denominator) are given by

$$p_1, p_2 = \frac{-2RC_2 \pm \sqrt{4R^2 C_2^2 - 4R^2 C_1 C_2}}{2R^2 C_1 C_2}$$

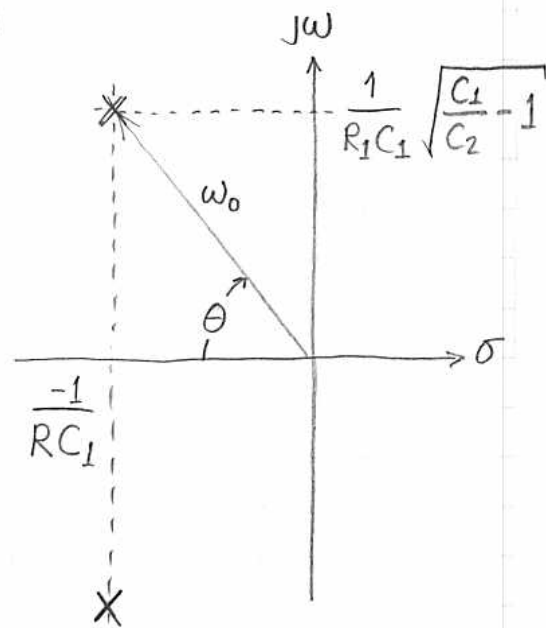
which reduces to

$$p_1, p_2 = \frac{-1}{RC_1} \left( 1 \pm j \sqrt{\frac{C_1}{C_2} - 1} \right)$$

This can also be expressed in radial form. Some trigonometry gives

$$\omega_0 = \frac{1}{R \sqrt{C_1 C_2}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \sqrt{\frac{C_1}{C_2} - 1}$$



We still have  $R$  and  $C_1$  or  $C_2$  as free parameters, with the constraint that  $C_1 > C_2$ .