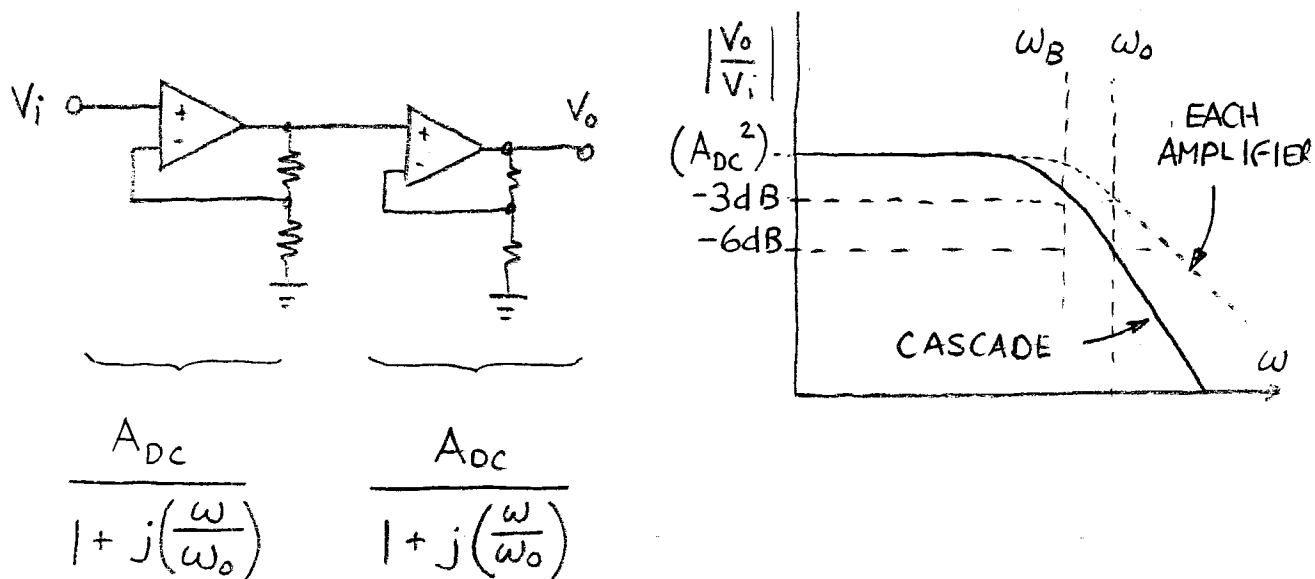


①

BANDWIDTH OF CASCADED STAGES:

Consider identical noninteracting single pole amplifiers in cascade



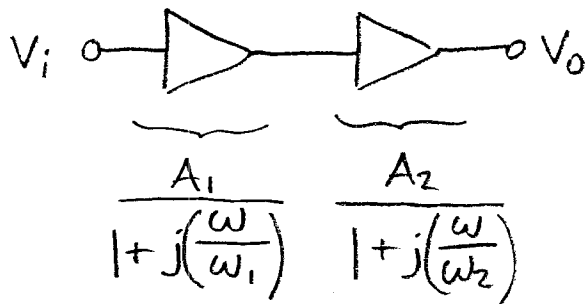
Each individual amplifier's magnitude response is 3dB down at $\omega = \omega_0$
 $\Rightarrow$ Cascade response will be 6dB down at ω_0
 $\Rightarrow$ What is the -3dB frequency of the total response of the cascade?

Call this ω_B and solve for it

$$\frac{A_{DC}^2}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{A_{DC}}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_0})^2}} \frac{A_{DC}}{\sqrt{1 + (\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_0})^2}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} = 1 + \left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_0}\right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_0}\right)^2 = \sqrt{2} - 1 \Rightarrow \omega_B = \sqrt{0.4142} \omega_0 \Rightarrow \boxed{\omega_B = 0.64 \omega_0}$$

IN GENERAL

Solve for ω_B of cascade

$$\frac{A_1 A_2}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{A_1}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_1}\right)^2}} \frac{A_2}{\sqrt{1 + \left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_2}\right)^2}} \Rightarrow 2 = \left(1 + \left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_1}\right)^2\right) \left(1 + \left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_2}\right)^2\right)$$

Multiply out polynomial $\Rightarrow$ Can solve exactly using quadratic, but since we know $\omega_B < \omega_1$ and $\omega_B < \omega_2$ assume this term negligible

$$\left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_1}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{\omega_B}{\omega_2}\right)^2 + \frac{\omega_B^4}{\omega_1^2 \omega_2^2} \approx 1 \Rightarrow \boxed{\omega_B^2 \approx \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega_1^2} + \frac{1}{\omega_2^2}}}$$

Compare approximation to exact:

ω_2/ω_1	ω_B EXACT	APPROX	APPROX OVERSTATES BANDWIDTH BY
1	0.64	0.71	10%
2	0.84	0.89	6%
3	0.91	0.95	4%
5	0.96	0.98	2%
10	0.989	0.999	1%