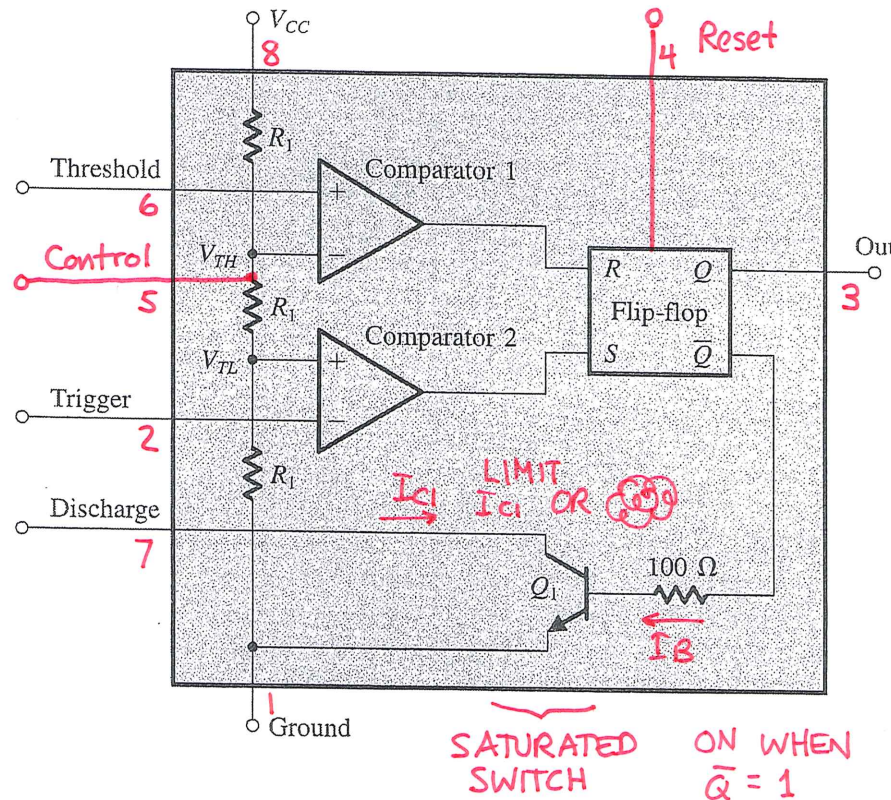


ECE3204 Lecture 15

LM555 Timer (17.7) Lab 4 Clock Circuit

Hand in: HW 4

Digital circuits are made from analog parts.

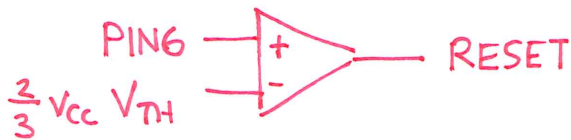


$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\delta = \frac{T_H}{T}$$

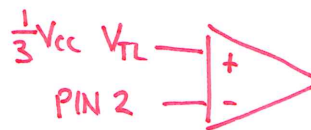
COMPARATORS IN LM555

COMP 1



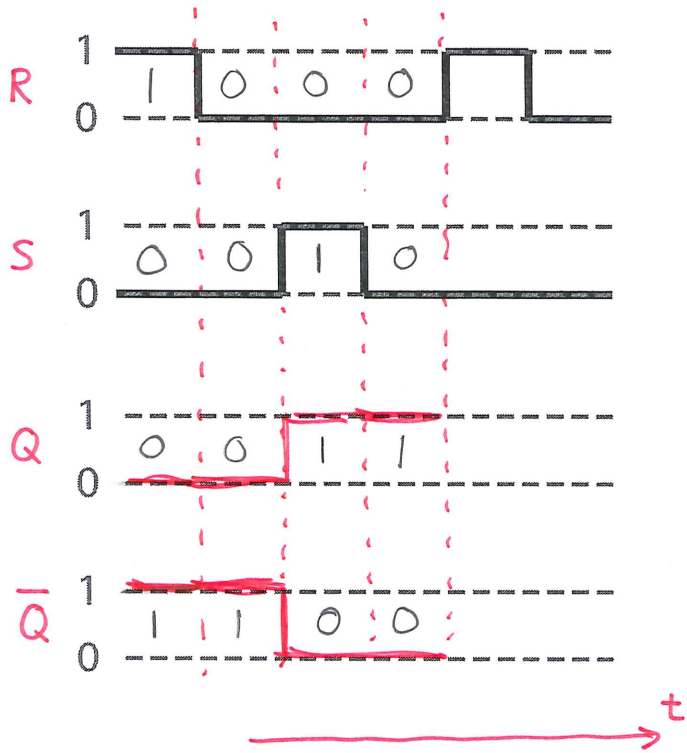
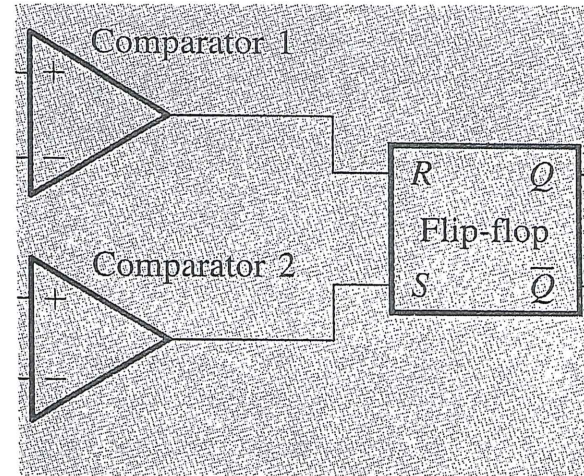
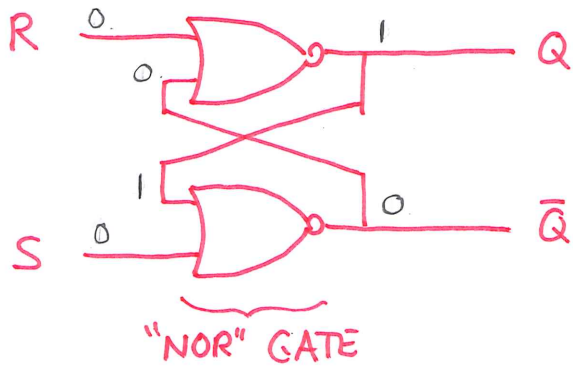
INPUT	RESET
$PIN 6 > \frac{2}{3} V_{cc}$	1
$PIN 6 < \frac{2}{3} V_{cc}$	0

COMP 2



INPUT	SET
$PIN 2 > \frac{1}{3} V_{cc}$	0
$PIN 2 < \frac{1}{3} V_{cc}$	1

Set - Reset Flip Flop



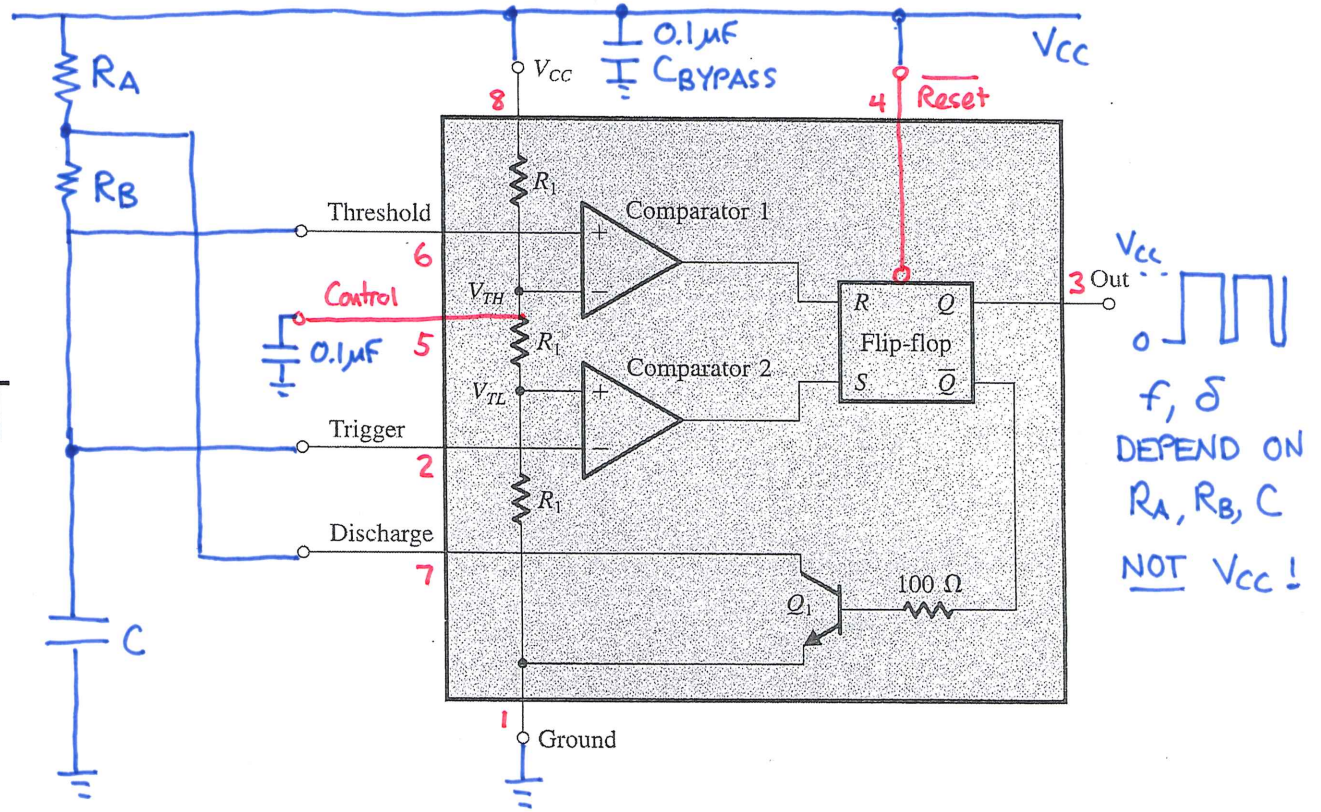
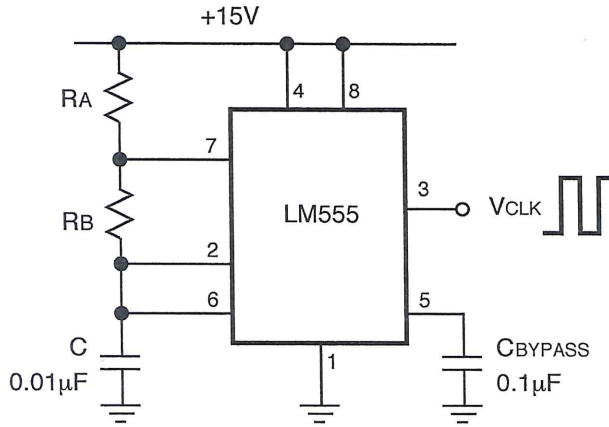
TRUTH TABLE

R	S	Q	\bar{Q}
0	0	Q	\bar{Q}
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	1		

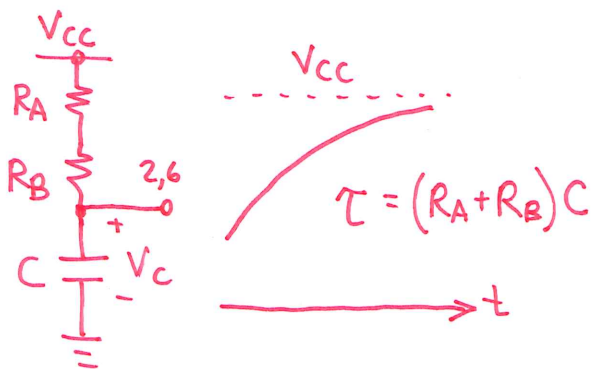
TRUTH TABLE

R	S	Q	\bar{Q}	HISTORY!
0	0	Q_0	\bar{Q}_0	HOLDS PREVIOUS STATE
0	1	1	0	RESET SET
1	0	0	1	SET RESET
1	1	0	0	NOT USED (NOT STABLE)

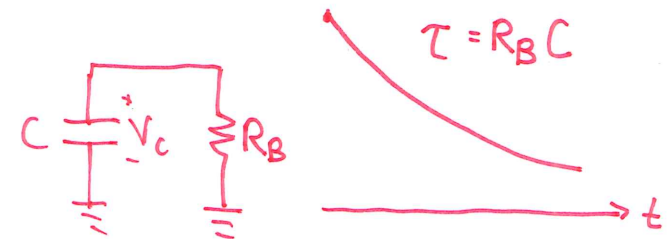
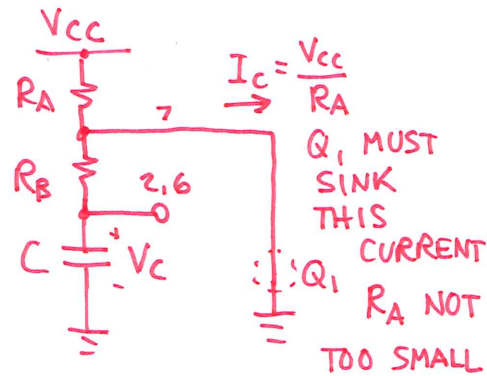
Lab 4 Clock Circuit



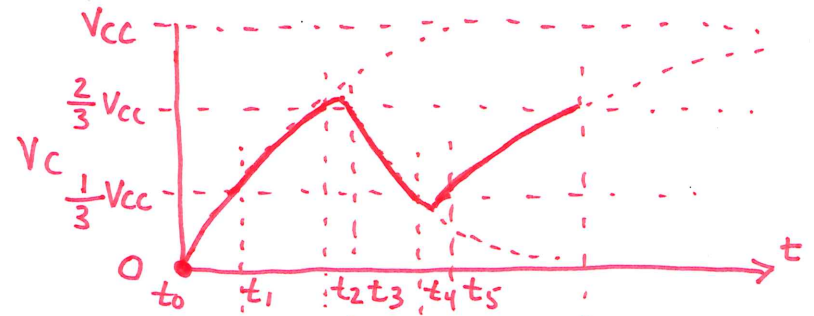
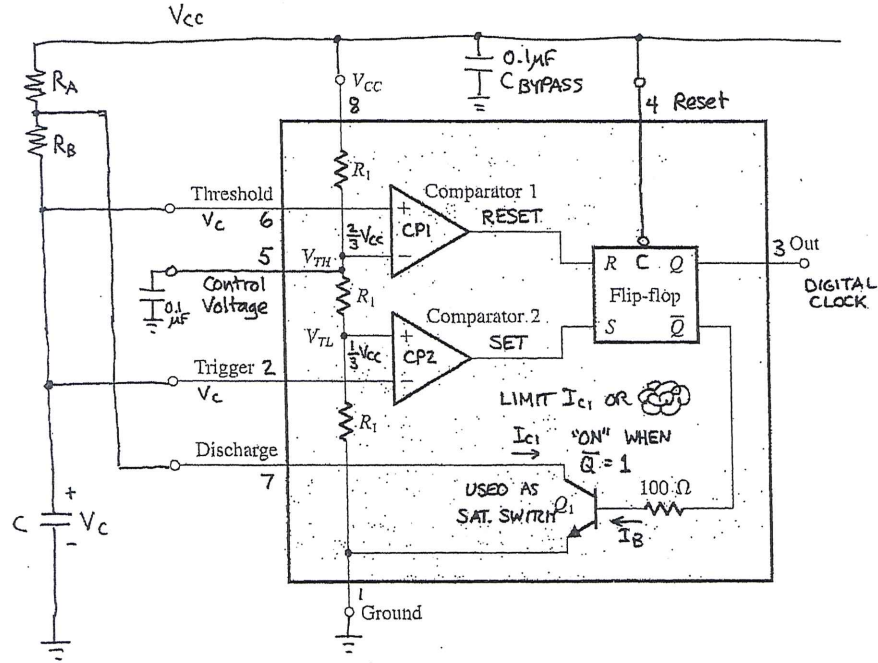
Q_1 SWITCH OFF



Q_1 SWITCH ON



Lab 4 Clock Circuit Timing



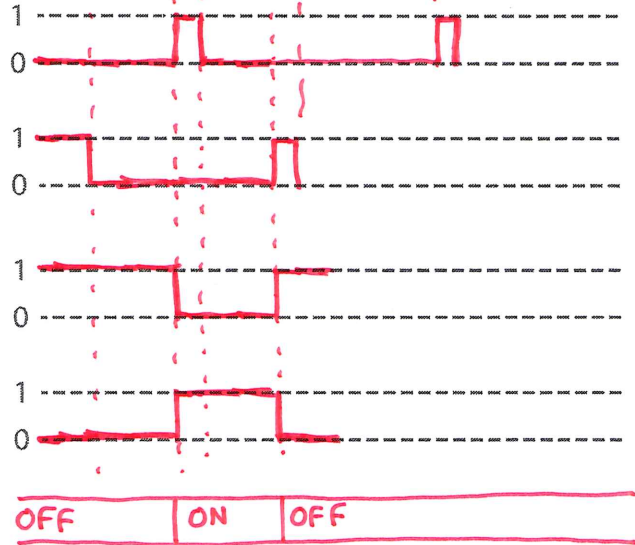
RESET

SET

(OUT) Q

\bar{Q}

Q, SWITCH STATE



START ANALYSIS

$t=0$ SHORT $V_c = 0V$

CP1 (RESET) = 0
 CP2 (SET) = 1 \rightarrow Q = 1
 SWITCH OFF
 C CHARGES UP
 TOWARD V_{cc}

t_1 $V_c > \frac{1}{3} V_{cc}$
 CP2 \rightarrow 0
 Q, \bar{Q} HOLD STATE

t_2 $V_c > \frac{2}{3} V_{cc}$

CP1 (RESET) \rightarrow 1
 CP2 (SET) = 0
 S-R FLIP FLOP
 CHANGES STATE
 Q = 0, \bar{Q} = 1
 SWITCH ON

C DISCHARGES
 THROUGH R_B
 TOWARDS GND

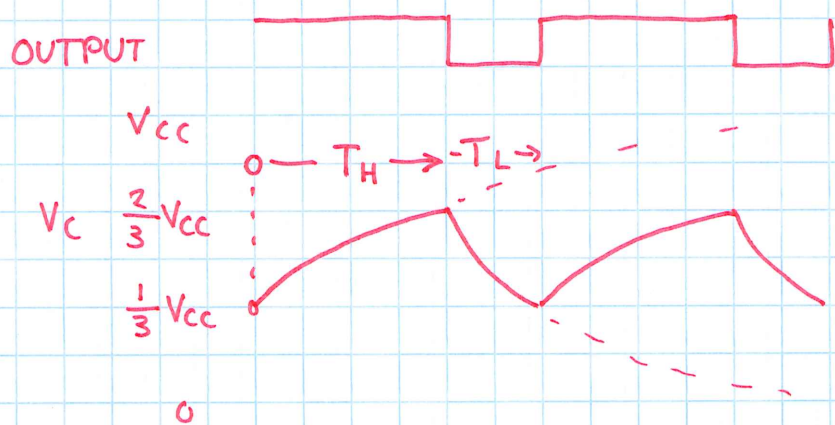
t_3 $V_c < \frac{2}{3} V_{cc}$

CP1 (RESET) \rightarrow 0
 Q, \bar{Q} HOLD STATE

t_4 $V_c < \frac{1}{3} V_{cc}$

CP2 (SET) \rightarrow 1
 CHANGE STATE
 Q = 1, \bar{Q} = 0
 SWITCH OFF
 C CHARGES UP

t_5 $V_c > \frac{1}{3} V_{cc}$



RISING EXPONENTIAL

$$V(t) = V_F - (V_F - V_I) e^{-t/\tau}$$

$\underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{V_{CC}} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{V_{CC} - \frac{1}{3}V_{CC}} \quad \underbrace{\quad\quad\quad}_{(R_A + R_B)C}$

AT $V(T_H) = \frac{2}{3} V_{CC}$: WITH THIS CONDITION

$$\frac{2}{3} V_{CC} = V_{CC} - \frac{2}{3} V_{CC} e^{-T_H / (R_A + R_B)C}$$

V_{CC} CANCELS OUT! NICE!

$$\frac{-1}{3} = \frac{-2}{3} e^{-T_H / (R_A + R_B)C}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-T_H / (R_A + R_B)C}$$

$$\ln\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = \frac{-T_H}{(R_A + R_B)C}$$

$$\ln(2) = \frac{T_H}{(R_A + R_B)C}$$

$$T_H = \ln(2) (R_A + R_B)C$$

FALLING
FOR RISING EXPONENTIAL

$$T_L = \ln(2) R_B C$$

$$\text{TOTAL PERIOD } T = T_H + T_L = \ln 2 (R_A + 2R_B)C$$

$$f = \frac{1}{\ln 2 (R_A + 2R_B)C}$$

DUTY CYCLE

$$\delta = \frac{T_H}{T} = \frac{\ln(2) (R_A + R_B)C}{\ln(2) (R_A + 2R_B)C} = \frac{R_A + R_B}{R_A + 2R_B}$$