

Name \_\_\_\_\_

ECE Box # \_\_\_\_\_

Problem	Score	Points
1	_____	10
2	_____	30
3	_____	30
4	_____	30

ECE3204 D2009

Microelectronics II

Exam 1

- This is a **closed book, closed notes test!** Use of calculators is allowed. No pre-stored formulas or outside resource access!
- Show **all** your work. Partial credit may be given. If you think you need something that you can't remember, write down what you need and what you'd do if you remembered it.
- Look for the simple, straightforward way to solve the problem for the level of accuracy required. **Don't get entangled in unnecessary algebra.**
- As in real life, some problems may give you more information than you need. Don't assume that all information must be used! It's your job to decide what's relevant to the solution.
- Unless otherwise indicated or implied, you may assume all op-amps to be ideal.
- You will have 50 minutes to complete this exam. There are four problems on a total of 9 pages.

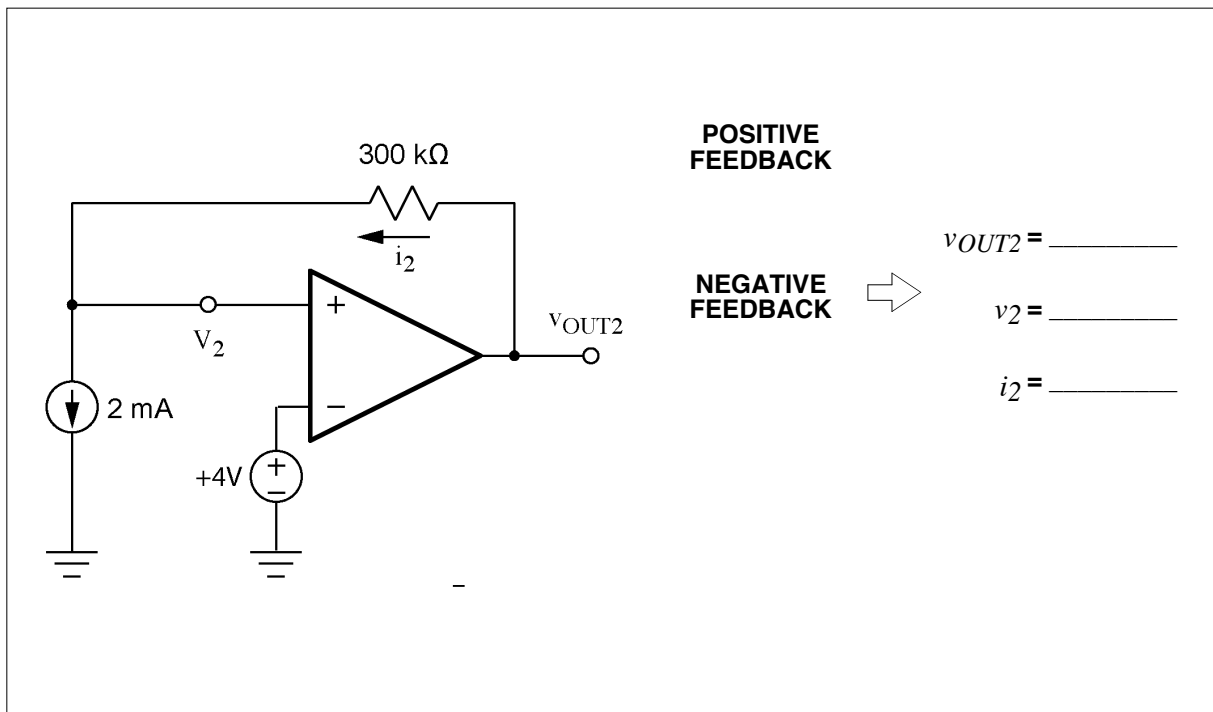
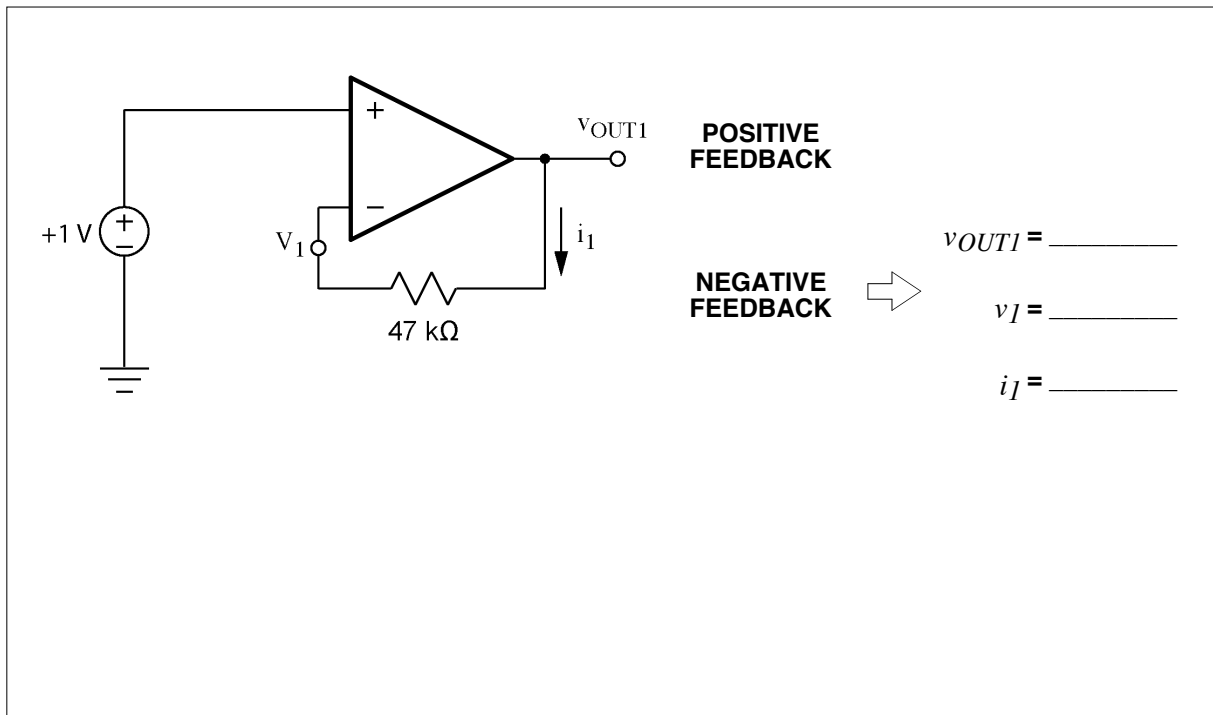


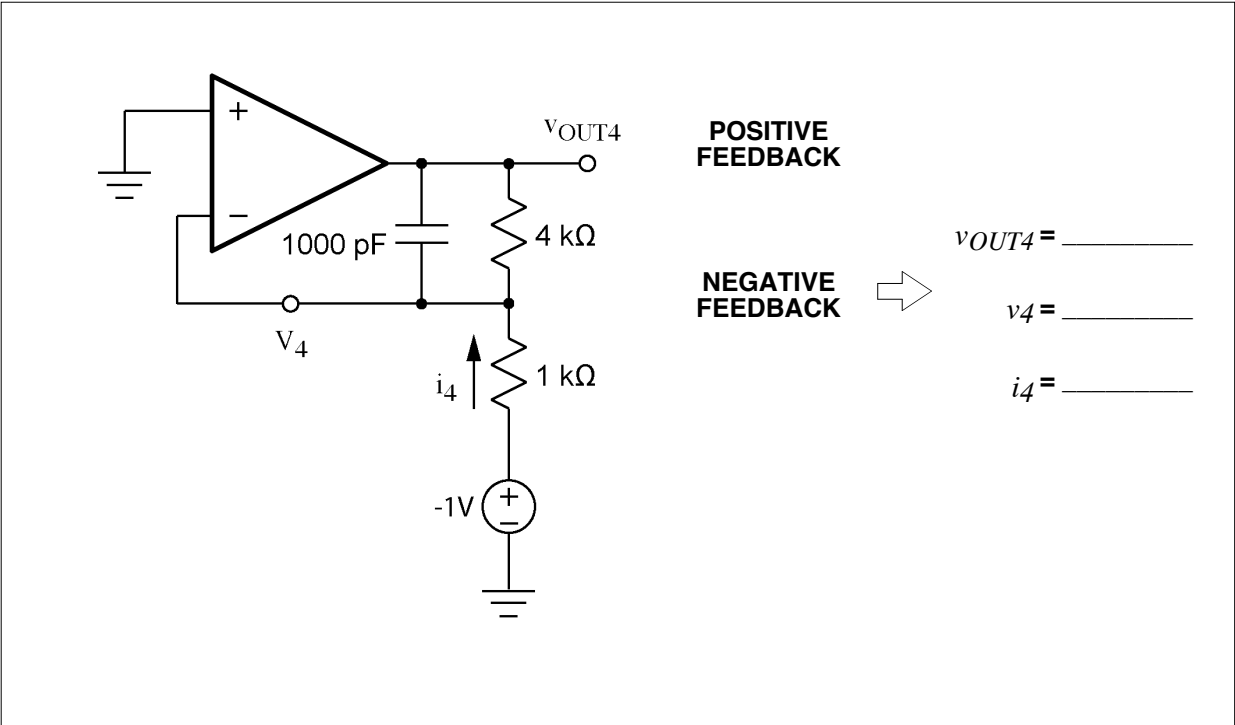
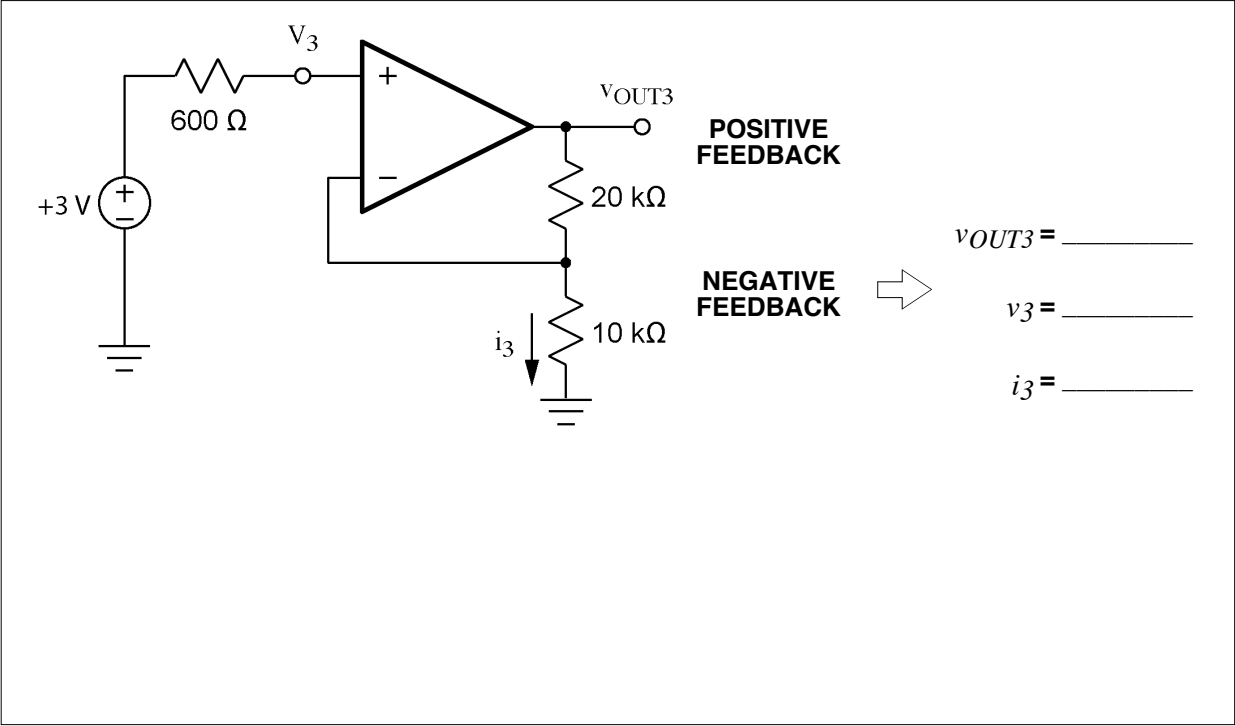
1) State the Microelectronics II Mantra:

**[10]**

- 2) For each of the op-amp circuits in this problem, you may assume the op-amps to be ideal. For each circuit:
- First, circle one choice to indicate whether the circuit is configured for positive or negative feedback. Then,
  - ONLY FOR THE CIRCUITS THAT HAVE NEGATIVE FEEDBACK,** determine the indicated voltages/currents.

[30]





- 3) For the circuit shown on the opposite page, you may assume the op-amp to be ideal except for finite open-loop gain  $A$ . The open-loop DC gain is  $A_0 = 50,000$  and the unity gain frequency is  $f_T = 10$  MHz.
- a) Using the space on the opposite page, carefully plot  $|A|$  as a magnitude Bode plot over a frequency range from 1 Hz to 100 MHz. Be sure to label any interesting asymptotic values, intersection points, and/or slopes in your plot. [6]
- 

- b) It is desired that the closed loop DC gain of the amplifier be +50. Find the required value of  $R_F$ . Nonstandard value is OK. [6]

$$R_F = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

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- c) Given the choice of  $R_F$  in (b), what will the 3-dB bandwidth  $f_{3\text{-dB}}$  of the closed loop transfer function  $v_{\text{out}}/v_{\text{in}}$  ? [6]

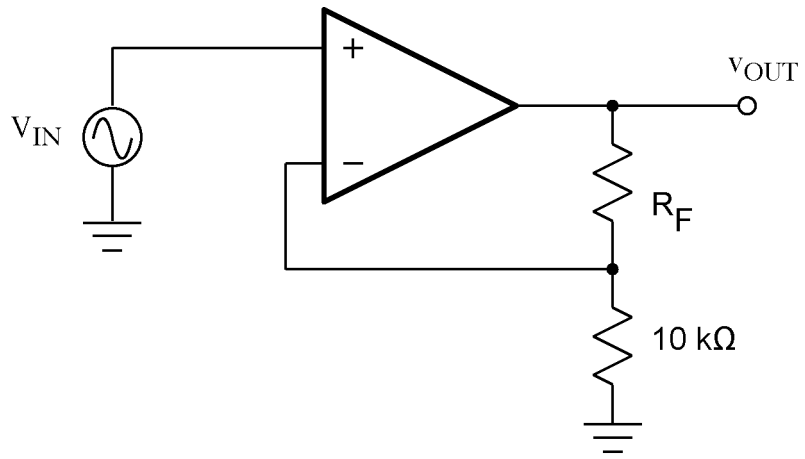
$$f_{3\text{-dB}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

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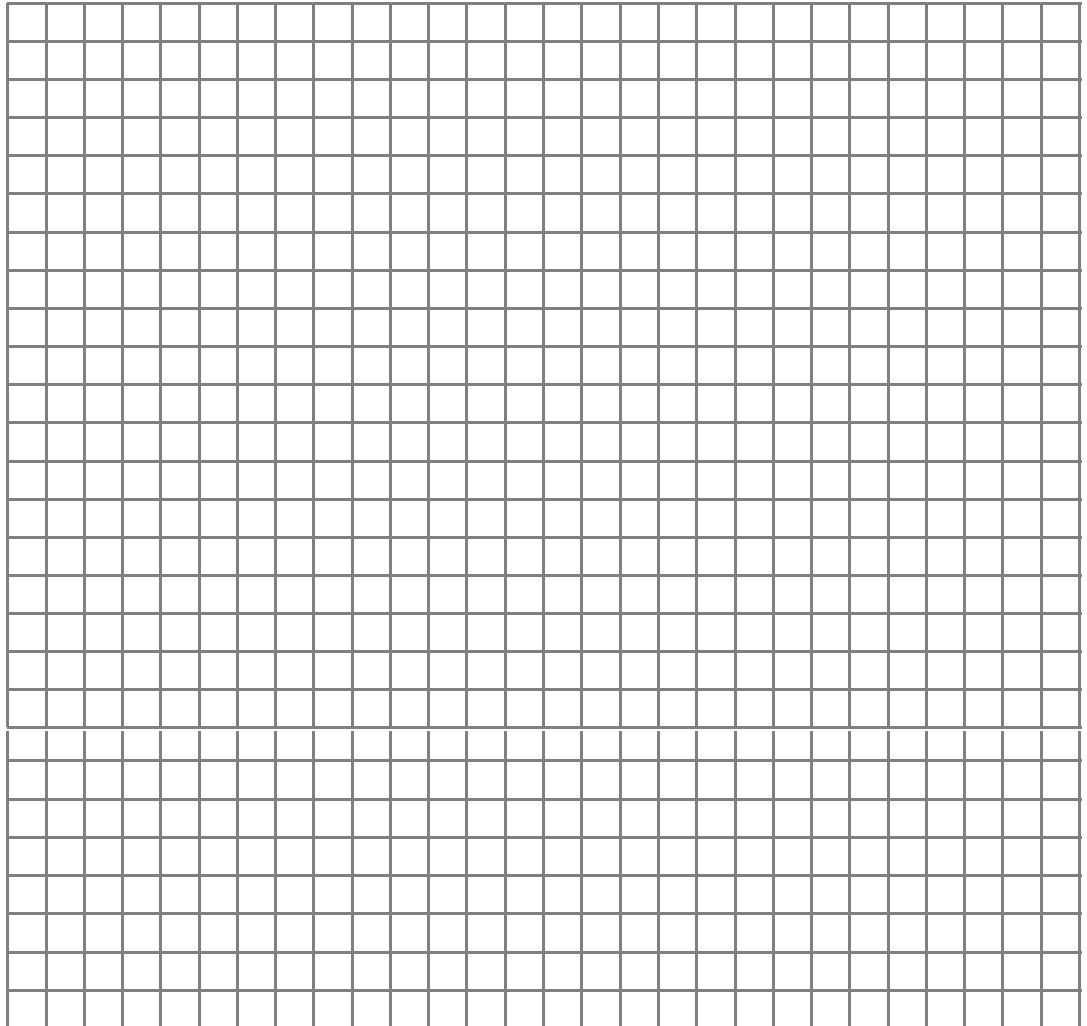
- d) Using the same space on the opposite page, carefully superimpose a magnitude plot of the closed loop transfer function  $|v_{\text{out}}/v_{\text{in}}|$  over a frequency range from 1 Hz to 100 MHz. Be sure to label any interesting asymptotic values, intersection points, and/or slopes in your plot [6]
- 

- e) If a sine wave input of 1MHz is applied to the closed loop amplifier, what will be the magnitude of the closed loop gain  $|v_{\text{out}}/v_{\text{in}}|$  ? (Accuracy  $\pm 10\%$ ; either a number or in dB is OK, just specify which) [6]

$$\left. \frac{v_{\text{out}}}{v_{\text{in}}} \right|_{f=1\text{MHz}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$



Axes for (a,d):



- 4) In this problem, the circuit on the opposite page is used as a microphone amplifier in an audio application. The input is modeled as a pure sine wave (zero DC component) which can range in frequency from 20Hz to 20kHz.

Assume the op-amp to be ideal except for the following:

- Input offset voltage  $V_{OS}$
- Output voltage limit  $V_{OMAX}$
- Output slew rate limit SR

Performance specifications for a range of op-amps are given below:

Op-amp	$V_{OS}$	$V_{OMAX}$	SR	Cost
LM741	$\pm 6.0$ mV	$\pm 12$ V	0.5 V / $\mu$ s	\$ 0.47
LF356	$\pm 1.0$ mV	$\pm 13$ V	12.0 V / $\mu$ s	\$ 1.10
LM318	$\pm 2.0$ mV	$\pm 13$ V	70.0 V / $\mu$ s	\$ 2.55
UO9661	$\pm 0.1$ mV	$\pm 14$ V	75.0 V / $\mu$ s	\$ 5.40

For parts (a) and (b), you use the LM741 (from your lab kit) in the circuit.

- a) Given a 20 mV peak sine wave input at a low frequency of 20 Hz: Use the area on the following page to plot the resulting output voltage. *Assume the worst-case combination of maximum error sources.* Be sure to indicate any interesting values of amplitude or other waveform characteristics.

[10]

- b) Given a 20 mV peak sine wave input at the a frequency of 20 kHz: Use the area on the following page to plot the resulting output voltage. *Assume the worst-case combination of maximum error sources.* Be sure to indicate any interesting values of amplitude or other waveform characteristics.

[10]

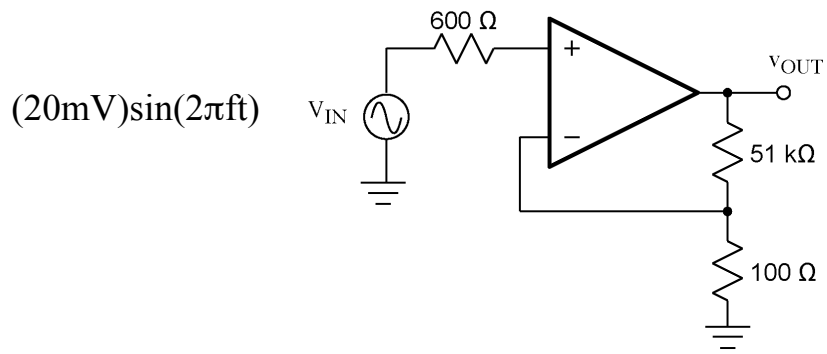
- c) Given the choices from the table above, what is the lowest cost op-amp that would provide undistorted output waveforms for both (a) and (b)? Circle one:

LM741      LF356      LM318      UO9661      NONE OF  
THE ABOVE

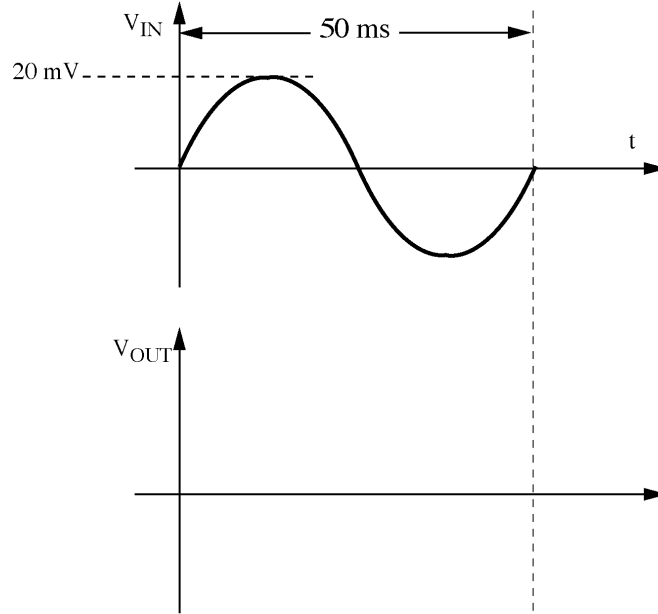
[2]

Explain!

[8]



Axes for (a):



Axes for (b):

