





Sensory Overload Detector



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Problem Statement

Sensory overload is when the brain is overwhelmed by too much sensory information. Individuals with autism are more likely to experience sensory overload and there are currently no ways to detect sensory overload as different people have different sensory thresholds.

Engineering Goal

Our goal is to develop a device to detect and alert individuals with autism when they are in environments where they may experience sensory overload. We want to ensure the device is customizable based on varying user thresholds for sensory overload.

Methodology

Current Design

Requirements

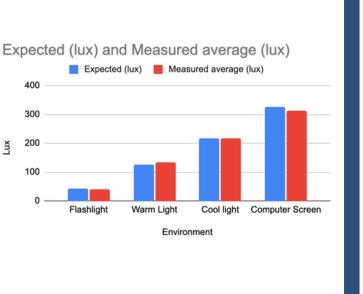


• Small and easy to transport

Design Studies

Light Sensor Testing

Light sensor testing involved analyzing light intensity (lux) sensor readings for ten trials of four different sources of light: cool light, warm light, flashlight, and computer screen light. The standard deviation among the ten trials was 23.22.



Sound Sensor Testing

For testing the sound detection quality of the prototype, decibel trials were conducted in four different environments with predetermined sound levels. Across the four environments, ^c an average standard deviation of 3.11 was found.



Environmer

different scenarios. The scenarios were when the user is sitting, resting, running, and doing jumping jacks. The average standard deviation for the heart rate test was 2.54.

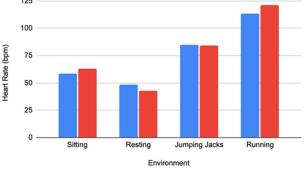
To test the heart rate sensor the

heart rate in beats per minute of

the user was measured in four

Heart Rate Sensor Testing

Measured (bpm) and Expected (bpm)



Conclusion

Future Steps

- Offers early detection of sensory overload using personalized light, sound, and heart rate thresholds
- Enables faster intervention and outcomes by notifying caretakers in real-time
- More accessible than current market alternatives

- Implement a smaller design; make the device less visible
- Add time sensing to track persistence of stimuli; factor into the overload detection algorithm
- Reminders for sensory overload detection