exercise 1:

(i). Find a finite dimensional space V and A in  $\mathcal{L}(V)$  such that V is not the direct sum of Ker A and Im A.

(ii). Is it possible to find such an example with the additional requirement that Ker  $A \cap \text{Im A} = \{0\}$ ?

## $\underline{\text{exercise } 2}$ :

Let  $V = C^{\infty}(0, 1)$ , and T in  $\mathcal{L}(V)$  defined by Tf = f'. Find all eigenvalues of T and corresponding eigenvectors.

## $\underline{\text{exercise } 3}$ :

Let R be a unitary matrix in  $\mathbb{R}^{2\times 2}$  such that det R = 1. Show that there is a  $\theta$  in  $[0, 2\pi]$  such that

$$R = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \cos\theta & -\sin\theta\\ \sin\theta & \cos\theta \end{array}\right).$$

 $\underline{\text{exercise } 4}$ :

Let V, W be two finite dimensional Hermitian spaces and A in  $\mathcal{L}(V, W)$ .

- (i). Show that A and  $A^*$  have the same rank.
- (ii). If V = W do A and  $A^*$  have the same image?

 $\underline{\text{exercise } 5}$ :

Let V be a vector space over  $\mathbb{C}$  such that dim V = 2 and T in  $\mathcal{L}(V)$ . Show that T is nondiagonalizable if and only if the characteristic polynomial of T has only one root and T is not a multiple of the identity.

## <u>exercise 6</u>:

Let V be a vector space over  $\mathbb{R}$  such that dim V = 2p where p is a positive integer. Show that there is a T in  $\mathcal{L}(V)$  such that T has no eigenvalue.

## $\underline{\text{exercise } 7}$ :

Let V be an n-dimensional vector space over K. Find a T in  $\mathcal{L}(V)$  that is not diagonalizable.