exercise 1:

(i). Let $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $f(x, y) = \frac{x + y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$, if $(x, y) \neq 0$ and f(0, 0) = C, where C is a constant. Is there a constant C such that f is continuous at (0, 0)? (ii). Same question for $g : \mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}$ be defined by $g(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + 2y^2}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}}$, if $(x, y) \neq 0$ and g(0, 0) = C.

<u>exercise 2</u>: Exercise 3.7.

<u>exercise 3</u>: Exercise 3.17. Hint: use power series.

 $\underline{\text{exercise } 4}$:

Find the minimum and the maximum values of the function $g(x, y) = e^{-x^2 - 2y^2}$ in the closed disk D with radius 1 and centered at the origin.

 $\frac{\text{exercise } 5}{\text{Exercise } 4.4: \text{ a and } b.}$