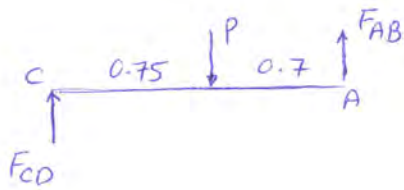


$$E = \frac{32.2 \times 10^6}{0.02} = 1.61 \text{ GPa}$$

$$+\circlearrowleft \sum M_A = 0 \quad P \times 0.7 - F_{CD} \times 1.45 = 0 \quad F_{CD} = 38.62 \text{ kN}$$



$$+\circlearrowleft \sum M_C = 0 \quad F_{AB} \times 1.45 - P \times 0.75 = 0 \quad F_{AB} = 41.38 \text{ kN}$$

$$A_{AB} = \frac{\pi d_{AB}^2}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.04)^2 = 1.256 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

$$A_{CD} = \frac{\pi d_c^2}{4} = \frac{\pi}{4} (0.06)^2 = 2.826 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}^2$$

First Method:

$$\delta_{AB} = \frac{F_{AB} L_{AB}}{A_{AB} E} = \frac{41.38 \times 10^3 \times 2}{1.256 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.61 \times 10^9} = 0.0409 \text{ m} \downarrow$$

$$\delta_{CD} = \frac{F_{CD} L_{CD}}{A_{CD} E} = \frac{38.62 \times 10^3 \times 0.4}{2.826 \times 10^{-3} \times 1.61 \times 10^9} = 0.0034 \text{ m} \downarrow$$

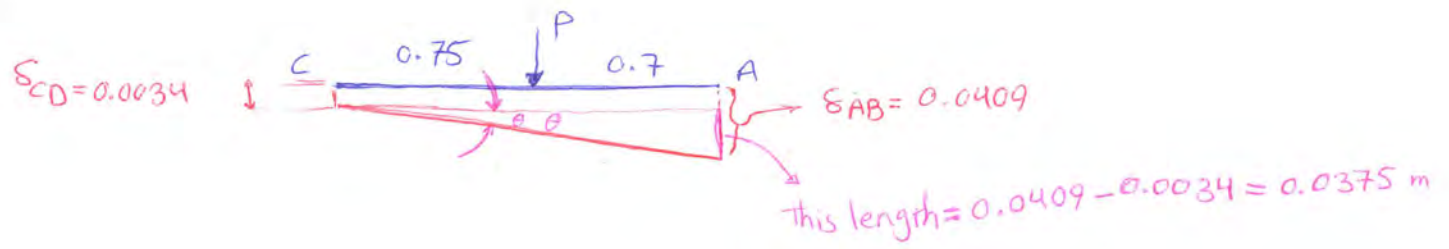
Second Method:

$$\sigma_{AB} = \frac{F_{AB}}{A_{AB}} = \frac{41.38 \times 10^3}{1.256 \times 10^{-3}} = 32.94 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\epsilon_{AB} = \frac{\sigma_{AB}}{E} = \frac{32.94 \times 10^6}{1.61 \times 10^9} = 0.0204 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{m}}$$

$$\sigma_{DC} = \frac{F_{DC}}{A_{DC}} = \frac{38.62 \times 10^3}{2.826 \times 10^{-3}} = 13.66 \text{ MPa}$$

$$\epsilon_{CD} = \frac{\sigma_{CD}}{E} = \frac{13.66 \times 10^6}{1.61 \times 10^9} = 0.0085 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{m}}$$



$$\text{Tilting Angle} = \theta = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{0.0375}{1.45} \right) = 1.48^\circ = \theta$$