

Section VI: References

Brown, T. B., Mann, B., Ryder, N., Subbiah, M., Kaplan, J., Dhariwal, P., Neelakantan, A., Shyam, P., Sastry, G., Askell, A., Agarwal, S., Krueger, G., Henighan, T., Child, R., Ramesh, A., Ziegler, D. M., Wu, J., Winter, C., Hesse, C., . . . Amodei, D. (2020). Language models are few-shot learners (arXiv:2005.14165). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2005.14165>

Dey, N., Gosal, G., Zhiming, Chen, Khachane, H., Marshall, W., Pathria, R., Tom, M., & Hestness, J. (2023). *Cerebras-GPT: Open compute-optimal language models trained on the Cerebras wafer-scale cluster* (arXiv:2304.03208). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2304.03208>

Hoffmann, J., Borgeaud, S., Mensch, A., Buchatskaya, E., Cai, T., Rutherford, E., Casas, D. de L., Hendricks, L. A., Welbl, J., Clark, A., Hennigan, T., Noland, E., Millican, K., Driessche, G. van den, Damoc, B., Guy, A., Osindero, S., Simonyan, K., Elsen, E., . . . Sifre, L. (2022). *Training compute-optimal large language models* (arXiv:2203.15556). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2203.15556>

Kreutzer, J., Caswell, I., Wang, L., Wahab, A., van Esch, D., Ulzii-Orshikh, N., Tapo, A., Subramani, N., Sokolov, A., Sikasote, C., Setyawan, M., Sarin, S., Samb, S., Sagot, B., Rivera, C., Rios, A., Papadimitriou, I., Osei, S., Suarez, P. O., . . . Adeyemi, M. (2021). *Quality at a glance: An audit of web-crawled multilingual datasets*. (arXiv:2103.12028). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.12028>

Lee, K., Ippolito, D., Nystrom, A., Zhang, C., Eck, D., Callison-Burch, C., & Carlini, N. (2021). *Deduplicating training data makes language models better* (arXiv:2107.06499). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2107.06499>

Longpre, S., Yauney, G., Reif, E., Lee, K., Roberts, A., Zoph, B., Zhou, D., Wei, J., Robinson, K., Mimno,

D., & Ippolito, D. (2023). *A pretrainer's guide to training data: Measuring the effects of data age, domain coverage, quality, & toxicity*. (arXiv:2305.13169). arXiv.

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2305.13169>

Sun, H., Pei, J., Choi, M., & Jurgens, D. (2023). *Aligning with whom? Large language models have gender and racial biases in subjective NLP tasks* (arXiv:2311.09730). arXiv.

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2311.09730>

Xue, L., Constant, N., Roberts, A., Kale, M., Siddhant, A., Barua, A., & Raffel, C. (2020). *MT5: A massively multilingual pre-trained text-to-text transformer* (arXiv:2010.11934). arXiv.

<https://arxiv.org/abs/2010.11934>

Zhang, Y., Li, Y., Cui, L., Cai, D., Liu, L., Fu, T., Huang, X., Zhao, E., Zhang, Y., Chen, Y., Wang, L., Luu, A. T., Bi, W., Shi, F., & Shi, S. (2023). *Siren's song in the AI ocean: A survey on hallucination in large language models* (arXiv:2309.01219). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2309.01219>

Zhao, W. X., Zhou, K., Li, J., Tang, T., Wang, X., Hou, Y., Min, Y., Zhang, B., Zhang, J., Dong, Z., Du, Y., Yang, C., Chen, Y., Chen, Z., Jiang, J., Ren, R., Li, Y., Tang, X., Liu, Z., ... Wen, J.-R. (2023). *A survey of large language models*. (arXiv:2303.18223). arXiv. <https://arxiv.org/abs/2303.18223>