

MA 2051 B 2013 — Quiz 5

Name: Solutions

Section (circle): 9 a.m. (Nathan) 10 a.m. (Ruofan) 11 a.m. (Alex) noon (Tuan)
noon (Hector) 1:00 p.m. (Pi) 3 p.m. (Jesus)

Instructions: Work neatly. Show your work. Do your work on this paper. Use the back if needed. Don't skip steps. Justify your answers.

10.2.5/19

1. (3 pts) Find the Laplace transform $X(s)$ of the solution of $x'' + 4x = \cos \pi t$, $x(0) = 1$, $x'(0) = 4$. Do not invert the transform.

$$\mathcal{L}\{x'(t)\} = sX(s) - x(0) = sX - 1; \mathcal{L}\{x''(t)\} = s^2X - sx(0) - x'(0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathcal{L}\{\text{LHS}\} = s^2X - s - 4 + 4X = \mathcal{L}\{\text{RHS}\} = \frac{s}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$X(s^2 + 4) = 4 + s + \frac{s}{s^2 + \pi^2} \Rightarrow X = \frac{4+s}{s^2+4} + \frac{s}{(s^2+4)(s^2+\pi^2)}$$

Not AW(yet!)

Extra credit (1 pt): Look at the terms in $X(s)$. Without inverting, identify the frequencies, if any, you would expect to see in the solution $x(t)$

$$\frac{1}{(s^2 + a^2)} \rightarrow \frac{\sin(at)}{a}, a = 2, \pi \text{ in } X \Rightarrow \text{expect oscillations of } 2, \pi \text{ rad/s}$$

10.3.5/6(b)

2. (4 pts) Use $\mathcal{L}\{-tf(t)\} = F'(s)$ (where $F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$) to invert $\frac{2s}{(s^2 + 16)^2}$

$$F'(s) = \frac{2s}{(s^2 + 16)^2} \Rightarrow F(s) = \int \frac{2s}{(s^2 + 16)^2} ds = \frac{-1}{(s^2 + 16)} + C$$

$$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{-1}{s^2 + 16}\right\} = -\frac{1}{4} \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{4}{s^2 + 16}\right\} = -\frac{1}{4} \sin 4t$$

$$\therefore \mathcal{L}^{-1}\left\{\frac{2s}{(s^2 + 16)^2}\right\} = -tf(t) = -\frac{t}{4} \sin 4t$$

10.3.5/11

3. (3 pts) Find $\mathcal{L}\{te^{at}\}$. Use $\mathcal{L}\{e^{at}f(t)\} = F(s-a)$ w/ $f=t \Rightarrow F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2}$

$$\therefore \mathcal{L}\{te^{at}\} = \frac{1}{(s-a)^2} \quad (\text{OR use property in \#2})$$